

The Hongkong Telegraph

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1930.

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50c PER ANNUM
SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS

DUNLOP

British and Best

TO RATIONALISE
INDUSTRIES.

IMPORTANT COMPANY
FORMED.

FINANCING PROPOSALS FOR
REORGANISATION.

SUPPORT BY BANKS.

London, Apr. 15.
The rationalisation of the basic industries of Great Britain will be facilitated by the formation of an important company, with a nominal capital of six millions sterling, to be known as the Bankers' Industrial Development Company.

The formation of the company was announced in the House of Commons by Mr. J. H. Thomas, Minister in Charge of Unemployment, who said that the company had the support of a very considerable proportion of the most influential banking and financial institutions of the country.

Mr. Thomas said the share capital of six millions sterling was made up of shares each worth £100,000. Forty-five "A" shares had been subscribed by influential banking and financial concern, while fifteen "B" shares had been subscribed by the Securities Management Trust Limited.

State Not Involved.

The object of the company was to consider schemes submitted by the basic industries for the purpose of their rationalisation either by industries or by units. In the case of schemes which might be approved arrangements would be made for the provision of such money as might be essential.

Mr. Thomas added that the chairman of the new company was Mr. Montagu Norman, other directors being Baron Schroder, Mr. E. R. Peacock, Mr. Bruce Gardner and Mr. A. R. Wagg.

In reply to a question, Mr. Thomas said it was not intended that the State should be involved. He pointed out that in a recent speech at Manchester he said that money could be found for the reorganisation and rationalisation of industries. The formation of the new company was the result.—*Reuter's and British Wireless*.

The Chairman.

The Right Hon. Montagu Collet Norman, Governor of the Bank of England since 1920, has held that post for longer than any of his predecessors. On both sides, he is descended from a long line of bankers, a fact which probably accounts for his financial gifts.

He served in the South African War, being awarded the D.S.O., and he then became connected with finance. In 1922, he went with Mr. Stanley Baldwin, then Chancellor of the Exchequer, to the United States to arrange for the funding of the British War Debt, and another notable event in his career was the restoration of the gold standard. He has done much to aid in the financial restoration of the countries involved in the Great War—a task in which his gift for financial diplomacy, adjustment and reform has been of great value.

In 1925, he again visited the United States to promote closer co-operation between the Bank of England and the Federal Reserve Banks. He was made a Privy Councillor in 1923.

The Directors.

Mr. E. R. Peacock is a Director of Baring Bros. and Co., and is also Receiver General for the Duchy of Cornwall. He was English Master and Senior School Master at Upper Canada College, Toronto, from 1895 to 1902, when he joined the Dominion Securities Corporation of Canada and London. From 1921 to 1924, he was a Director of the Bank of England. He is a Rhodes Trustee.

Mr. A. R. Wagg, is Chairman of Helbert, Wagg and Co., merchant bankers, of London.

Baron Bruno von Schroder is senior partner in the banking house of J. Henry Schroder and Co., of London. He was born at Hamburg in 1867.

Mr. Bruce Gardner is Managing Director of the Securities Management Trust.

REDS ACTIVE NEAR
SWATOW.

MISSIONARIES COME IN FROM
OUTLYING VILLAGE.

PRECAUTIONS TAKEN.

Swatow, Apr. 13.
The Communist force which has been seizing market towns in this region reached a point about ten miles from Wukingfu last Wednesday.

This village has only about 5,000 inhabitants and as it was uncertain whether it would put up a fight or not, members of the English Presbyterian Mission were urged to get out at once and left within three hours. They have arrived here.

It is now known that the Communists did not dare to come at once and that Wukingfu and surrounding villages are linking up, and preparing to resist.

The trouble is that though there is an efficient magistrate in the Kit-ying district he has little in

"HAICHING" PIRACY
SEQUEL.

Two Men Executed in Gaol
This Morning.

FOR MURDERING GUARD.

Lam Hing and Lam Ming, who were sentenced to death at the Criminal Sessions on March 7th for the murder of Khial Singh, an Indian guard, during the attempted piracy of the s.s. Haiching, were executed at Victoria Gaol this morning.

The customary death enquiry will be held this afternoon.

The two men were Hoklos, hailing from the Hoifung district. They were defended at the Criminal Sessions by Mr. C. G. Alabaster, but after an absence of seven minutes the jury returned a unanimous verdict of "Guilty." The Chief Justice, who expressed his agreement with the verdict, then sentenced the accused to death.

Without orders from a superior officer, leaving guard piquet patrol, or post;

By discharging firearms, drawing swords, beating drums, making signals, using words, or by any means whatever intentionally occasioning false alarms in action, on the march, on the field, or elsewhere; and

Being a soldier acting as sentinel leaving his post before being regularly relieved.

LORDS AND ARMY
BIL.

DELETED CLAUSE TO
BE PUT BACK.

VIEWS CONFLICT ON PENALTY
FOR DESERTION.

A DECISIVE VOTE.

London, Apr. 15.
The conflict of opinion between the House of Commons and the House of Lords was evidenced to-day when the House of Lords, by forty-five votes to twelve, carried an amendment re-inserting the death penalty in the annual Army and Air Force Bill for cowardice and desertion.

The House of Commons passed the committee stage of the Army and Air Force Bill on April 2. A Conservative amendment to retain the death penalty for a man who induced his comrades to behave in a cowardly manner was rejected, but a Socialist amendment to abolish the death penalty for desertion on active service was carried.

This did not constitute a defeat for the Labour Government, however, as the matter was left to a free vote.

Socialist Amendment.

The Socialist amendment meant that the death penalty could only be inflicted for mutiny and treachery, but before the amendment was carried it was proposed to abolish the death penalty for the following offences on active service and to substitute penal servitude as punishment:

Misbehaving or enticing others to misbehave before the enemy in such manner as to show cowardice;

Without orders from a superior officer, leaving guard piquet patrol, or post;

By discharging firearms, drawing swords, beating drums, making signals, using words, or by any means whatever intentionally occasioning false alarms in action, on the march, on the field, or elsewhere; and

Being a soldier acting as sentinel leaving his post before being regularly relieved.

Viscount Plumer's View.

The effect of the voting in the House of Lords to-day is to reinsert in the Bill the clause which was removed following the Socialist amendment in the House of Commons.

When the Bill was considered in the House of Lords to-day Viscount Plumer moved an amendment to the clause which abolished the death penalty for cowardice in face of the enemy and for desertion.

Viscount Plumer said that as a senior officer of the Army he must wholeheartedly support the amendment as the retention of the death penalty was necessary for the preservation of discipline. The success or failure of operations depended for the most part on the morale of the troops which it was necessary to maintain.

Government Adamant.

Lord Thomson, Secretary for Air, said the Government could not reconsider their decision in this matter. He had himself with reluctance gone against the advice of the Air Council in approving the abolition of the death penalty for cowardice and allied offences.

The difference between the men who marched to Badhjor and the men of the Army to-day was such that the country could not apply the same rules to them. The ordinary private soldier of to-day was as civilised and as normal a human being as they themselves were.

Lord Thomson suggested that the House of Lords could not fail to regard the measure of free voting in favour of abolition given in the House of Commons.

To Return as Before.

If the House of Lords sent the Bill back to the Commons, then he could assure their Lordships that it would come back to the Lords with the present sections reinstated.

The committee stage of the Bill was completed and the Bill passed the remaining stage. It has now to return to the House of Commons for consideration of the amendment

SEPOY DISASTER
FUND.

RESPONSE STILL BEING WELL
MAINTAINED.

\$4,756 AND £52/10/-

It is gratifying to record that a steady stream of donations continues to come in on behalf of the Navy League's "Sepoy" Disaster Fund.

The Third List (of which details are given below) brought the total to \$3,601 and £50, to which must now be added further sums amounting to \$1,155 and £2 10s, included in these being a generous gift of \$500 from the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

The total to date is therefore \$4,756 and £52 10s.

Third List.

The following contributions have been thankfully received:

Previously acknowledged	£25 & \$2,128
Sympathiser	£10
C. G. M.	£5
Benjamin & Potts	200
T. E. Pearce	190
J. D. Hutchison & Co.	100
Ho Kien Tong	100
Woo Hay Tong	100
D. M. B.	100
Douglas Lapsley & Co. Ltd.	100
Lt.-Col. L. G. Bird	100
R. D.	100
Mr and Mrs. T. R. H. V. B.	100
A. G. Coppin	25
Mr. M.	15
N. S.	12
Henry Humphreys	25
A. B. R.	10
E. H. Ray	10
M. J. M.	10
Lady Sympathiser	10
Sympathetic Contributor	10
Chinese Sympathisers	10
Ghaly	10
Sympathiser	10
C. H. B.	10
Bill	25
C. A. W. Kew	25
K. A.	25
G. C. M.	5
A. B. E.	10
Henry	25
Vacuum Oil Co.	100
Gilman & Co. Ltd.	50
G. Miskin	10
	£50 and \$3,601

W. A. DOWLEY
Hon. Treasurer.

Alexandra Buildings,
April 16th, 1930.

LOAD TOO HEAVY
FOR CHILD.

EMPLOYER FINED \$50
AT KOWLOON.

BOY WHO CARRIED MORE
THAN HIS OWN WEIGHT.

AGE ISSUE RAISED.

What is probably the first prosecution of its nature in the Colony, brought under the Industrial Employment of Children Ordinance, came before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when Sub-Inspector Chester Woods summoned a Chinese for allowing a boy to carry an unreasonably heavy load.

The defendant, Tam Pan, of the Hop Lee Tinsmith Shop, of 572, Shanghai Street, was summoned under Regulation 11 of Ordinance 22 of 1922, the charge being that he unlawfully did allow a male child named Yeung So, being under the age of 15 years, namely, about 12½ years, to carry a load exceeding 40 catties, namely 67½ catties, which weight was unreasonably heavy having regard to the child's age and physical development.

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Competitors taking the water jump in the Coldstream Guards Regimental Race at the Grafton Hunt Point-to-Point at Silverstone, Northamptonshire. (Times copyright).



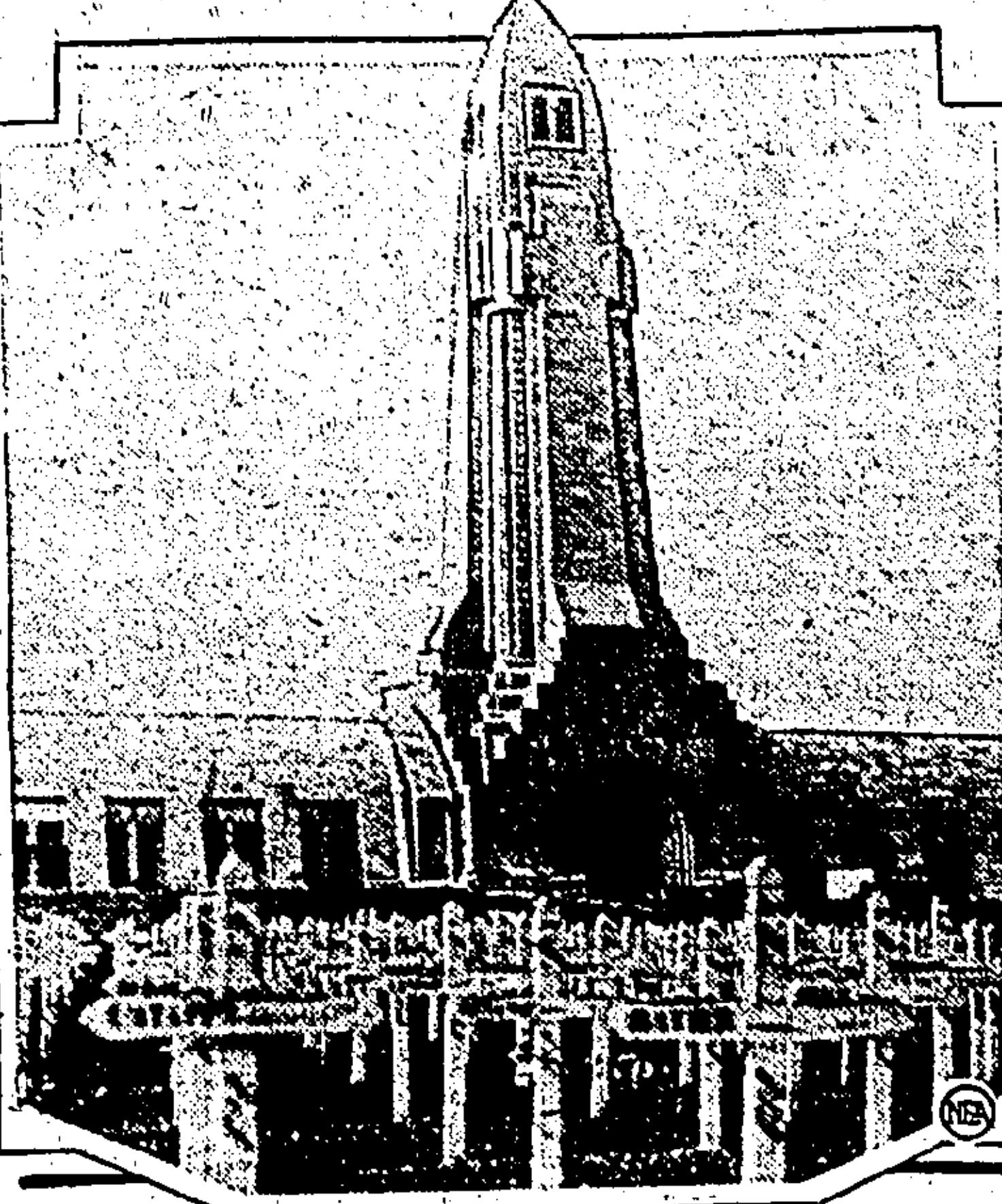
Members of Tuxis, newest of Community Church organizations, at Shanghai include (front, left): Crawford, Petersen, Espy, McCracken, and (back) Mr. Smith, Johnson, Snell, Drachenfels, and Mr. Luccock, Pastor.



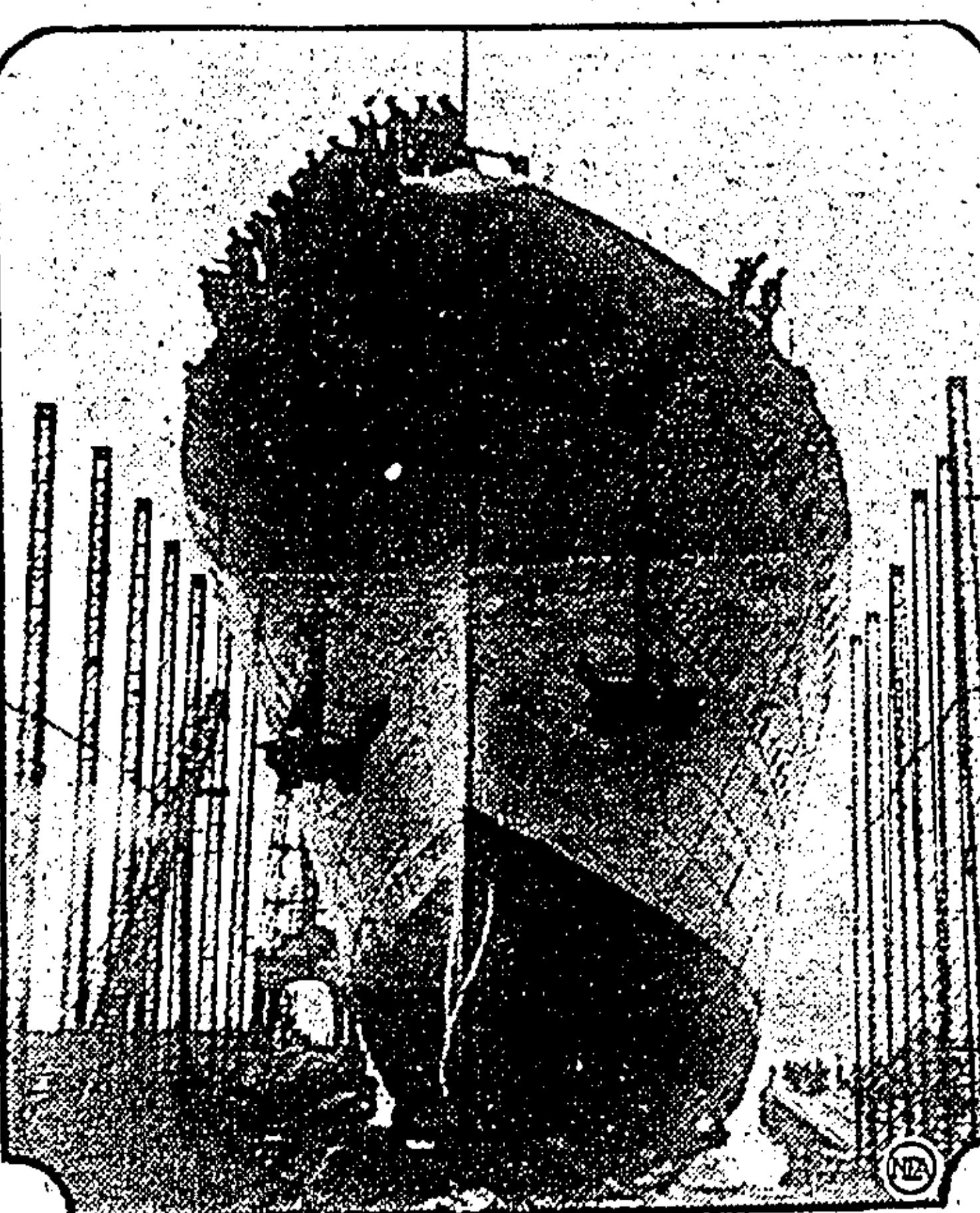
The American team, winners of the International Girls' Basketball League championship of Shanghai.



The Foreign Y. M. C. A. in Bubbling Well Road Shanghai was the scene of great hilarity on the evening of the Ragamuffin Dance. As the above photograph shows, all varieties of strange and "ragged" individuals were present, from the demurest of Chinese amahs, fittingly garbed in discreet black, to boldest of Apaches, popular version. Adding colour to the scene, there was a gay dancer or two, and a blue-jacketed coolie, by way of contrast.



An impressive memorial to France's war dead, an "eternal light" will burn brightly in the tall tower of the newly-erected Douamont Ossuary, shown above, overlooking the historic Verdun battlefield.



This huge fighting vessel—the new cruiser Jeanne d'Arc—was launched at St. Nazaire for the French Navy. The powerful warship is shown here as it slid down the ways.



Here is the first picture of Prince Takamatsu, second brother of the Japanese emperor, and his bride, the former Kikuko Tokugawa, attired in ancient Shinto marriage costumes after their wedding at the Imperial Sanctuary at Tokyo. They will visit the United States this year.



This good-looking Alsatian police dog is the property of Mr. Cyril Minny, Shanghai.

For restful slumber

B. V. D.

loose fitting

SLEEPING SUITS

SHORT SLEEVES-KNEE LENGTH,

Made of fine white check cloth, cut full and easy to prevent "drag" at any point.

\$5.50—\$8.50 per suit.

Less 10% discount for Cash.

Same style as B.V.D. made of a fine-white Zephyr cloth with black, blue or mauve stripes.

\$8.50 per suit.

Less 10% discount for Cash.

Stocked in all sizes from 34 to 46 inches chest measurement.

Mackintosh's

UNPACKED
TO-DAY!

A VERY BIG
SHIPMENT
OF
LADIES' HATS

LADIES'
AND
MEN'S
BATHING
COSTUMES

IN
THE
VERY LATEST
STYLES
—INCLUDING—
JANTZEN
AND OTHER FAMOUS MAKES

BUY
BEFORE
EASTER!

ELITE STYLES
A. P. C. Building.

Whiteaways

The SAXONIA Sewing Machine.

A SUPER VALUE
The "Saxonia"
Lockstitch
SEWING
MACHINE.



A thoroughly reliable Lockstitch Machine for all home sewing. Made specially for Whiteaways. These machines have been thoroughly tested and will give service for years. Oscillating shuttle, silent cam action. Black enamelled body. Bright parts all highly nickel plated. Walnut polished wood base and cover.

SPECIAL
VALUE
PRICE \$57.50

FIRST FLOOR SHOWROOMS.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

New Advertisements

NOTICE.

I am leaving for home on the 26th April, and I shall be glad if all bills are sent in to me for payment not later than the 22nd April.

W. H. BELL,
c/o Messrs. The Asiatic Petroleum Company (South China) Limited.

BANK HOLIDAYS.

In accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, the Exchange Banks will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Friday, Saturday and Monday, the 18th, 19th and 21st April. (Easter Holidays).

Hongkong, 14th April, 1930.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

The Fourth Extra Race Meeting will be held (weather permitting) at Happy Valley on Saturday, 19th and on Monday, 21st April, 1930, commencing at 2 p.m.

The first bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. on both days.

MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Members are notified that they and their ladies must wear their badges prominently displayed.

No one without a badge will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure.

Badges admitting non-members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$5. per day for Gentlemen and \$2. per day for Ladies, are obtainable through the Secretary upon introduction by a member, such member to be responsible for payment of all chits, &c.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will not be on sale at the Race Course.

Members can obtain, upon application to the Secretary, badges (limited to two) for the free admission to the Members' Enclosure of wives, lady relatives and friends. Names must be stated when applying.

No pretext will children be permitted in either Enclosure during the Meeting.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$1. per day for all persons including ladies and is payable at the Gate.

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform are admitted half price.

Bookmakers, Tie Tae men, &c. will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of the Hongkong Jockey Club during the Race Meetings.

By Order,
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.



POPULAR VICTOR RECORDS

22219 Singin' in the Bathtub (Lady Luck)

22195 Turn on the Heat (Georgia Pines)

22190 You Can't Believe My Eyes (If I Can't Have You)

22157 There are Two Many Eyes (Remarkable Girl)

22043 Pagan Love Song (Wedding of the Painted Doll)

22012 Singin' in the Rain (Your Mother and Mine)

22183 A Little Kiss each Morning (I'll Be Reminded of You)

22255 Should I? (A Bundle of Old Love Letters)

22267 Keep Your Undershirt On (What Would I Care)

22272 Have A Little Faith (Cryin' For the Carolines)

22191 Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2510, 1930.

22192 Kowloon Inland Lot No. 3110, 1930.

22193 Kowloon Inland Lot No. 2021, 1930.

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'Allenburys'

Progressive System of Infant Feeding

Baby's birthright of healthy growth and development depends for its fulfillment largely upon the care and forethought of the mother during the first few months of his life. The 'Allenburys' System will give your baby the vital capital necessary to meet the ever-increasing demands of steady growth and progress. The carefully-graduated series of foods supplies the essential nourishment in the form best adapted to baby's needs at baby's age.

COUPON ALLEN & HANBURY'S LTD., 40 Canton Rd. Shanghai
will be pleased to receive free of charge a copy of the 'Allenburys' book 'Infant Feeding and Management' and a sample of food.

Milk Food No. 1
Birth to 3 months
Milk Food No. 2
3 to 6 months
Malted Food
No. 3
6 months and onwards



HORLICK'S IS ALWAYS SERVED

when MALTED MILK is asked for," says the management of Lane Crawford's Cafe—"We keep no other."

This we may say is general amongst all high-class caterers, who pride themselves upon serving "THE BEST, NOT THE CHEAPEST."

Certain relief for sufferers of
INDIGESTION



Relieves the distressing symptoms of nausea, heartburn flatulence, and all other stomach troubles. Your Doctor recommends it.

From all chemists and stores in powder and tablets.

FLETCHER'S MOSQUITOL

An infallible preventive against the bites of mosquitoes and other insects.

THE PHARMACY

(FLETCHER & CO., LTD.)

Tel. C. 345.

WOMAN'S WORLD FOR OUR LADY READERS

Formality Accepts the Evening Cap.



It is indeed a long time since silk caps were worn to match one's evening gown, since Milady's coiffeur was dressed in the height of formality and especially since she elected to flaunt long trains, but lo and behold, they are once again on the style mart and their disciples are many.

The formal evening cap makes its bow to society this Spring just as the long formal kid gloves and smart trains did this Winter, incidentally these modes continue to hold the limelight for Spring. So you see "beauty is triumphant."

Lovely black satin, lustrous transparent velvet, brocade and lace, are utilized in these very formal chapeaux which are evolved on close fitting cloche like lines, with here a feather and there a bow or decorative pin. The majority of these caps employ the same material that

fashions the gown in the very same colour note.

Kay Francis, featured with Billie Dove in "A Notorious Affair" wears this smart creation of good transparent velvet, which patterns both gown and wrap, while the long black aigrette and moulded off-the forehead tendencies exemplify the current mole. Long pearl car-

ings relieve the severity of line. On the other hand, Miss Dove elects this striking coiffure. Her hair is softly waved and worn back of the ears with a cluste of ringlets combed fan effect—her long shoulder-length diamond earrings and matching necklace are at the pinnacle of chic.

Earrings are the one indispensable piece of jewellery in the wardrobe of the lady of fashion. The bigger the better and preferably pendulous shoulder-length baubles—these are fashion's favourites.

improper masticating habits, faulty diet, deforming habits of the young child, and general diseases affecting tooth development.

But there is a type of mal-occlusion, without the so-called "crooked teeth." The teeth may in fact be exceptionally well formed and placed normally in the arch, so that in this type the arch "per se" is at fault, either exhibiting a deformity, or being in improper relationship to its fellow.

Mal-occlusion.

Mal-occlusion may be noticeable, evincing a protruding or retruding lower jaw, or other facial deformity; but again, the facial contour may not be altered from normal to any appreciable extent.

Apart from this relationship to

As for the gown—it's fluidity is its primary feature, its elegance is starting. Gleaming shoulders, low décolletage, feminine curves, lace and fur trimming and fascinating colour are all typically feminine, thus a subtle charm pervades the atmosphere.

Billie Dove and Kay Francis, both have this subtle charm. Miss Francis wears this unusual creation in purple, in her role in Billie Dove's starring picture, "A Notorious Affair." Of flat crepe and moulded to the figure it introduces a new note to the formal hour, a platinum fox ruffle, which emphasizes the character of the skirt and its long train. Its neckline is an innovation.

The exquisite "Dove" selects this regal model of flowered crepe cloth, moulded to the figure, and featuring the long train.

facial expression, however, mal-occlusion may lead to serious disturbance of the teeth themselves.

It may be that due to this condition one or several teeth are receiving excessive strain, resulting in a diseased condition of the tissues enveloping the tooth, or teeth and menacing the life of the teeth involved.

Moreover, teeth that are not functioning properly through disuse may be weakened structurally, leaving them more prone to decay; and in any event they are not receiving the benefits of normal tooth exercise or of the mechanical cleaning, through excursive masticatory movements which, after all, is the best defence against the forces of tooth decay.

The Teeth in Childhood.

Nature is no bungler, but plans wisely. So it is that she has intended teeth should come together, in certain definite relationships, with cusps interlocking as "the cogs of two wheels which work in harmony."

But quite frequently her aim is thwarted, and there is an abnormal relationship known as mal-occlusion.

Many and varied causes, as have been cited, contribute to this condition as meddlesome extractions, decayed shedding, tardy eruptions,

improper masticating habits, faulty diet, deforming habits of the young child, and general diseases affecting tooth development.

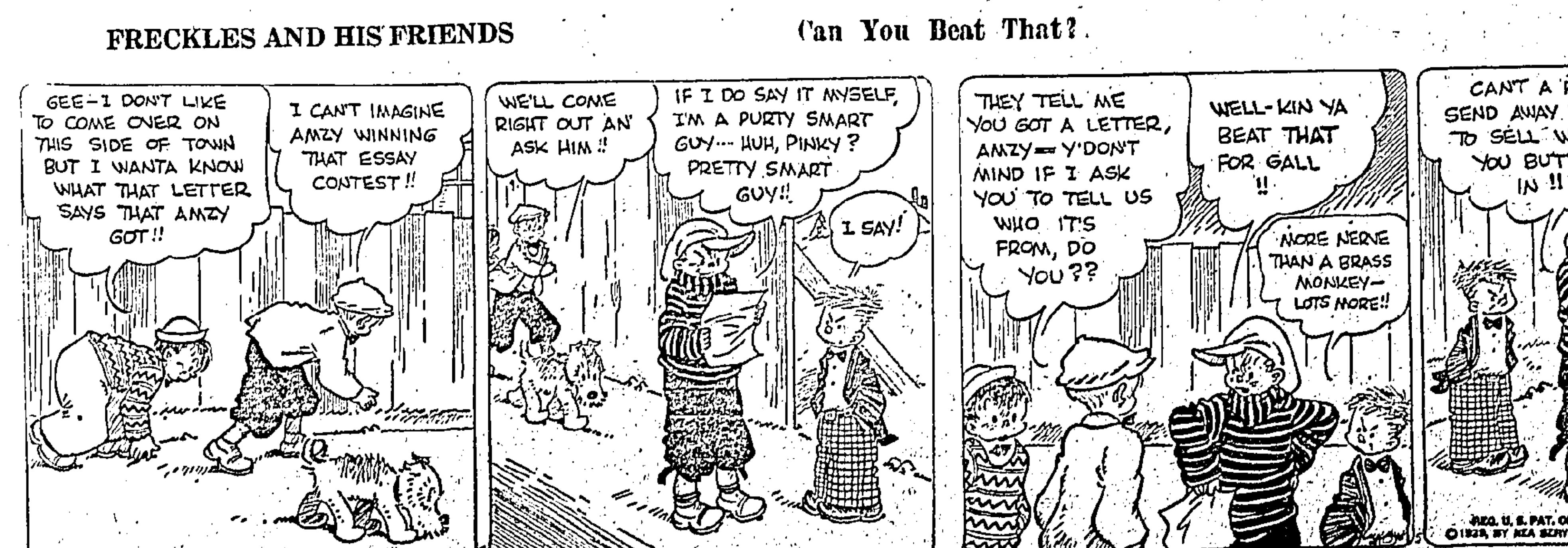
But there is a type of mal-occlusion, without the so-called "crooked teeth." The teeth may in fact be exceptionally well formed and placed normally in the arch, so that in this type the arch "per se" is at fault, either exhibiting a deformity, or being in improper relationship to its fellow.

Mal-occlusion.

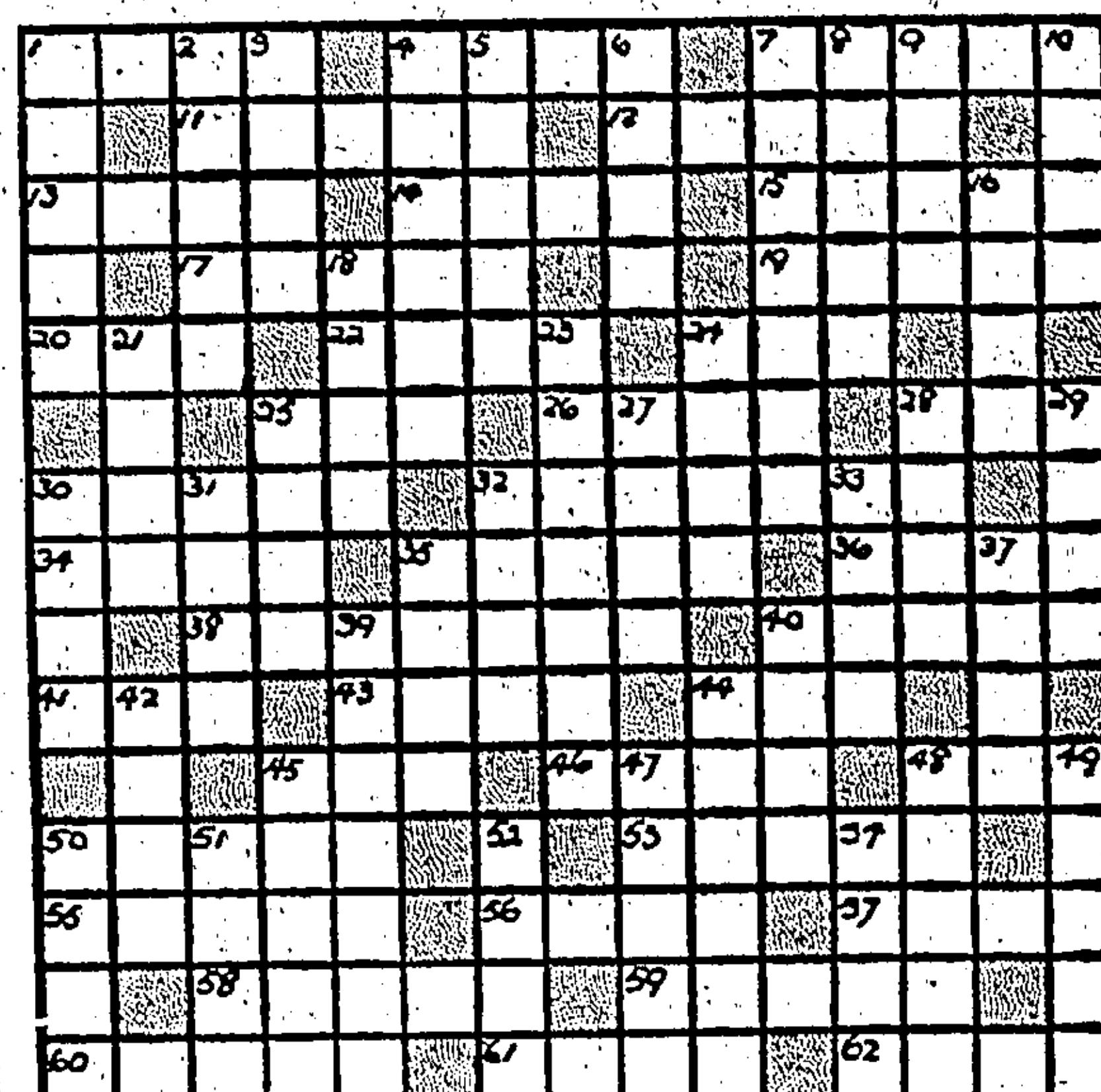
Mal-occlusion may be noticeable, evincing a protruding or retruding lower jaw, or other facial deformity; but again, the facial contour may not be altered from normal to any appreciable extent.

Apart from this relationship to

Can You Beat That?



OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



Across

- Industrious.
- Stay.
- On high.
- More recent.
- External.
- White heat.
- Prevalent.
- Stories.
- Heavenly being.
- Turn away.
- Young child.
- Solely.
- Denotes contempt.
- Gardening tool.
- Paradise.
- Inquire.
- Noted.
- Upbraided.
- Pertaining to wings.
- Went astray.
- See.
- Renders dull.
- Mineral.
- Before.
- Ceremonial.
- Moved swiftly.
- Peculiar skill.
- Performs.
- Favotizite.
- Intention.
- Grates.
- Earth.
- Exclamation expressive of sorrow.
- Obtain by labour.
- Ventilated.
- Entire.
- Springs.
- Observed.
- Disease of cereals.

Yesterday's Solution.

PANELS	PASSED
MADE	A
ERASURES	R
RAPING	C
ENSUED	A
SENSING	C
TABLE	C
BLARES	R
SATE	S
NEEDED	K
	NEADS

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DRY GINGER ALE. Pints and Splits.
FORMZONE, Pints and Splits. ORANGE SQUASH.
LEMON SQUASH. LIME SQUASH.
CARBONATED GRAPE JUICE. Pints and Splits
PYERIS SPARKLING TABLE WATER, Pints and Splits.

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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1930.

LABOUR'S BUDGET.

Those who feared that Mr. Snowden's Budget would involve further inroads on capital in order to provide the means with which to embark on fanciful Socialistic schemes may now breathe freely. "Orthodoxy verging on dullness" is the phrase which has been employed to describe the Labour proposals, and it would seem to hit off the situation to a nicely. Indeed, the Budget might well have been produced by either Conservatives or Liberals were they faced with a situation in any way comparable to that which Mr. Snowden had to meet. It has to be borne in mind, however, that the position in which the Chancellor of the Exchequer found himself did not encourage the adoption of a policy of adventure. First and foremost, the condition of the country, already heavily burdened with taxation, had to be taken into account. Secondly, Mr. Snowden had to start out with a deficit of over fourteen millions, instead of the surplus of over four millions which his predecessor's Budget envisaged. Whatever enthusiasm Labour may have had for projects involving heavy outlay must obviously have been tempered by the sheer logic of these facts.

Speaking early this year on the Budget outlook, Mr. Snowden, recognising that the condition of the country needed a rest from official exactions, declared that he would sanction no expenditure which he did not believe to be imperatively necessary. He spoke of "the many things we should like to do," but said these must wait until the country was in a position to afford them. His Budget shows that he has worked along these lines. He has more than once repudiated suggestions that the deficit which was known to be inevitable at the end of March could be attributed to his party. The figures disclosed in the Budget bear that point out, for they show that Mr. Churchill's estimates of revenue from specific sources failed to materialise to the extent of more than thirteen and a half millions. This factor, taken in conjunction with the situation created by offsetting revenue on the present basis with contemplated expenditure, meant that there was leeway of forty-two millions to make up. How Mr. Snowden has met the position is shown in the proposals comprising his

Budget. He has acted on the principle of placing the heaviest burdens on the shoulders best able to bear them, witness the fact that over thirty-one millions are expected from the increases in Income Tax, Surtax, and Death Duties. By this method he has been able to refrain from placing any direct tax on industry and at the same time from making further calls on the poorer sections of the community. The Income Tax increases affect the rich few, as is evident by the statement that they will not touch the bachelor earning under £600 a year or the average family man with an income of £900. An advance of a penny a gallon in the beer duty is to yield two and three-quarter millions a year, but there is seemingly to be no change either in the price or the strength of this favourite beverage of the working-man. Which means in effect that the brewing interests are making the Treasury quite a substantial gift. Surely Mr. Snowden must be the only Chancellor of the Exchequer who, in his dealings with the brewers, has got something for nothing!

One further point deserves comment. It is that Labour has had, temporarily at any rate, to sacrifice its political beliefs on the altar of expediency. Our reference is to the Government's decision on the McKenna Duties. These are being retained, for the simple reason that Labour cannot afford to throw away the revenue which they bring in. Had they been wiped out, the task of balancing the Budget would have been infinitely harder, but there seems little doubt that the adverse situation at the end of the financial year just concluded was a factor influencing the Government to put on one side its convictions on this subject. Considering the magnitude of the task with which he was faced, Mr. Snowden would appear to have handled the situation with tact and statesmanship, but the fact cannot be lost sight of that the money he has had to find will have to come from somebody's pocket.

The Indian Situation.

Civil disobedience has now been in operation in India for several weeks and Mr. Gandhi himself is probably disappointed with the results of his campaign. He wishes to bring about a state of anarchy without bloodshed, but his policy is one of destruction and if it succeeded would shatter the political peace and economic welfare of the Indian Empire. But it would appear that Gandhi has had little or no support. Admittedly the salt laws have been defied to some extent, sedition has been preached and occasionally mobs have come into conflict with the Police. The Government's policy might be calculated to give the impression that authority in India can be intimidated, but the events of the past few weeks have shown this to be false and have, on the contrary, proved the wisdom of a policy of dealing with local situations as they arise. The law breakers are being punished, mobs are being kept in control on the isolated occasions when their feelings run loose, and despite Gandhi's efforts to whip the country up into a turmoil there have been comparatively few serious disturbances. The Government's firmness is indicated by the salutary sentence on the Mayor of Calcutta who, on his second offence, is imprisoned for six months. What defiance of the salt laws there has been cannot be regarded too seriously. Action has been taken at various points and on no occasion has the Government lost the opportunity of showing, quietly but nevertheless adamantly, that its authority cannot be questioned. A harsher system of dealing with the trouble which Mr. Gandhi is doing his poor best to stir up, would probably have enabled the cry of martyrdom to be voiced throughout India with a consequent increase in the number of disturbances. The present policy has so far kept the situation well in hand and in the unlikely event that it will develop to any considerable extent the Government of India may be relied on to handle it with uncompromising firmness.

The weekly return of the Medical Officer of Health shows that for the seven days ending Saturday there were reported nine cases of small-pox and one each of typhoid, diphtheria and cerebro-spinal fever. There were six deaths from small-pox. Of non-notifiable diseases there were 61 deaths from tuberculosis, three from malaria and two from influenza. Yesterday's return contained three cases of small-pox.

Under the auspices of the Education Society of the Hongkong University, Mr. B. G. Birch delivered a lecture entitled "Voltaire" before a large audience in the University Union Assembly Room last night. Mr. Mak Kai-hung was in the chair, assisted by Mr. Li Ka-tung, the secretary of the Education Society. Mr. W. W. Hornell, the Vice-Chancellor of the University, was among those present, and said a few words on the same subject at the conclusion of Mr. Birch's lecture.

On mention again being made of the case in which a Chinese boatman of Shamshui-poo was arrested for causing grievous bodily harm to another boatman who subsequently succumbed to his injuries, Detective Inspector Fallon, who appeared before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, applied for another twenty-four hours' remand in order to attain a medical certificate. The defendant, who is represented by Mr. G. S. Hugh-Jones, was remanded till to-morrow.

DAY BY DAY.

IT IS BECAUSE THEY HAVE BEEN OBLIGED TO THINK FOR THEMSELVES, AND MAKE THEIR OWN THEORIES, THAT PERSONS OF NEGLECTED EDUCATION ARE SO OFTEN SELF-ASSERTIVE, SELF-RELIANT AND CAPABLE.—C. B. Wheeler.

Three non-Chinese cases of diphtheria were notified yesterday.

H.M.S. Cumberland expects to arrive here to-morrow from the United Kingdom.

Police Sergeant A. Hunt, of the Central Police Station, has been appointed Hon. Secretary of the Royal Life Saving Society in Hongkong.

Mr. Ogilvie, of Airlie House, Nathan Road, has reported to the police the loss of a brass rail from a desk some time between noon and 1 o'clock yesterday.

Mrs. Southorn is to lay the foundation-stone of the War Memorial Nursing Home on the 24th instant, at 4 p.m. The public is invited to be present.

H.M.S. Vindictive arrived at Singapore on Monday, and will remain there until Friday next, then sailing for Hongkong. She expects to arrive here on the 23rd instant.

Commander the Hon. J. B. Bruce, who was lately in command of the sloop Foxglove on the China Station, has been appointed executive officer on H.M.S. Dauntless, which has been re-commissioned for duty on the America and West Indies Station.

A man charged before Mr. Lindsell this morning with stealing an overall, pleaded that he picked it up outside the Tin Hau Temple at Causeway Bay. "And is that khaki jacket you are wearing also picked up?" the Magistrate queried.

The man received four weeks' hard labour.

The hearing of the sedition case in which a Chinese is charged with possession of a quantity of documents in Canton Road was fixed by Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning for Thursday, April 24. The defendant, in the meantime, was remanded for one week formally.

Amongst the passengers who left by the Blue Funnel liner Sarpedon to-day were Mr. and Mrs. Syme Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Marshall, Mrs. L. C. F. Belamy, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Finnigan, Mrs. H. K. Prosser, Mr. H. R. B. Hancock, Miss Hancock, Mr. J. A. H. Plummer, and Mr. F. M. Ellis.

The Salvation Army is interesting itself in work amongst girls in this Colony, and, following a visit by Major J. E. Sansom, General Secretary of the Army in North China, Women's Industrial Home has been established in Prince Edward Road, Kowloon. The institution is in charge of Ensign (Miss) Raina, who has spent several years in Salvation Army work in Tsinan-fu.

When a hawker appeared before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on a charge of not exhibiting his licence in a conspicuous place, the defendant showed his Worship the salt laws have been defied to some extent, sedition has been preached and occasionally mobs have come into conflict with the Police. The Government's policy might be calculated to give the impression that authority in India can be intimidated, but the events of the past few weeks have shown this to be false and have, on the contrary, proved the wisdom of a policy of dealing with local situations as they arise. The law breakers are being punished, mobs are being kept in control on the isolated occasions when their feelings run loose, and despite Gandhi's efforts to whip the country up into a turmoil there have been comparatively few serious disturbances. The Government's firmness is indicated by the salutary sentence on the Mayor of Calcutta who, on his second offence, is imprisoned for six months. What defiance of the salt laws there has been cannot be regarded too seriously. Action has been taken at various points and on no occasion has the Government lost the opportunity of showing, quietly but nevertheless adamantly, that its authority cannot be questioned. A harsher system of dealing with the trouble which Mr. Gandhi is doing his poor best to stir up, would probably have enabled the cry of martyrdom to be voiced throughout India with a consequent increase in the number of disturbances. The present policy has so far kept the situation well in hand and in the unlikely event that it will develop to any considerable extent the Government of India may be relied on to handle it with uncompromising firmness.

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FISHMONGERS IN COURT.

DISPUTE OVER ALLEGED DEBT FOR ICE.

An alleged debt of \$677.92 formed the subject of an action which was commenced before the Puisne Judge (Mr. Justice Wood) this morning, when the Kwai Kee firm, No. 286 fish stall, Central Market, sued the Fook Sing firm, No. 72, Temple Street South, Yaumati, for that amount for goods sold and delivered. A sum of \$47.92 was paid into Court.

Plaintiff conducted his own case, and Mr. E. S. C. Brooks defended.

Mr. Kwan, plaintiff, stated that defendant was a fish dealer with a stall in Yaumati Market and he asked plaintiff to obtain ice from the Dairy Farm for him (defendant) to sell. Plaintiff agreed to do so and the first transaction took place on January 11, 1929.

The transactions were continued until September 30, 1929, when defendant stopped making payments to plaintiff and used the money owing to make a deposit with the Dairy Farm in order to deal with them direct.

Plaintiff said that when their account was closed defendant owed the amount claimed, which included a deposit of \$200.

When Mr. Brooks commenced to cross-examine, his client produced an account which Mr. Brooks stated he had not been shown before.

The case was adjourned until noon to-morrow in order for defendant's account to be gone into.

The Very Sale!

"E. N. M." writes to a Home paper:—"I have had several experiences of dreams forecasting winners in races. On one occasion I dreamed that I saw a grey horse, with a red jockey up, win, but could not remember the name of the horse. For nearly seven years, whenever I was at a race meeting, I looked for that horse in vain, when one day, having already backed another horse, I saw my grey with a red jockey up. So, in spite of being told that the horse was hopeless, backed it each way, and it romped home, and I won nearly £25 on the Total on a 10s. bet. This horse has never won a race either before or since."

Readers who dream of winners should, however, remember that we only hear of those which succeed. It is only reasonable to suppose that a number of dream horses fall even to get placed.

[According to trade exports, the brighter hues of men's shirts are due to the fact that women have largely taken over the job of buying these garments for their men-folks.]

Man is a timid thing and shy. It absolutely gives him pain. When he attracts the public eye. He is but anxious to remain unmarked, and so He likes to go In those dull neutral colours dressed. Which suit his furtive nature best.

But when his helpmeet gives her aid.

Sartorial problems to decide, Behold the bashful beast arrayed. Like Solomon in all his pride. His brilliant shirt May almost hurt The eye unused to colour schemes That quite transcend his wildest dreams.

Come, then, unenterprising clad, Of dulness you have had enough, Forsake the path you long have trod. Away, away, with drab and buff And let her choose Gay, vivid hues To deck your beauty rainbow-wise, Yea, even let her choose your ties!

"What are you waiting for, Muriel? They've turned hundreds away."

"Yes, I know, dear; but the man at the pay-box saw how disappointed I was, and he's promised me a chance when the first 'faint' is brought out!"

You look very downcast."

"Yes, my wife has been away for six weeks."

"Well?"

"I wrote to her every week and said I spent the evenings at home."

"Well?"

"She is back now and the gas bill has come in—it's for one-and-threepence."

WHO WAS

ALICE?

Beyond the gateways of dreamland lies the country of beautiful nonsense, whether you may travel even on waking feet, provided you follow the path charted by Lewis Carroll in those charming books which he wrote for children, but of which grown-ups are just as fond, "Alice in Wonderland," and "Through the Looking Glass."

In those astral lands unknown of the geographers, Alice met strange, fantastic creatures, the March Hare and the Cheshire Cat whose grin remained after his face had vanished; she ate magic pills which made her grow tall as a house, and then smaller than a grassblade; she talked with frogs and weird great sea-beasts, and played croquet with live storks for mallets in the company of the Queen of Hearts.

Her second journey through the invisible gates took her into the topsy-turvy land which stretches out on the other side of the looking-glass, where your left hand is your right, where time rolls backwards, and where everything else goes by contraries too.

The real-life Alice from whom the heroine of these extravaganzas takes her name was little Alice Riddell. She was the daughter of Dean Riddell, a great friend of the author's, and it was her repeated requests for a fairy story which inspired two of the most delightful children's books in our language.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	London, Apr. 15.
Paris	124.05
New York	4.85 1/4
Brussels	34.83 1/4
Geneva	25.08 1/2
Amsterdam	12.09 3/4
Milan	.92 7/8
Berlin	20.38
Stockholm	18.09
Copenhagen	18.16
Orio	18.16
Vienna	34.52
Prague	184 1/2
Helsingfors	182 1/2
Madrid</	

BUILDING PLANS LAPSE.

CHARGE FAILS ON WORDING OF SUMMONS.

WORK NOT FINISHED.

Holding that under the wording of the summons, the prosecution could not prove their case, Mr. Lindsell to-day dismissed the charge against Li Wan Tong of constructing concrete floors and staircase at 11 Old Bailey without permission of the Building Authority.

Mr. Gibbs, the architect, who was present in court on behalf of the defendant, submitted that a permit was obtained from the Building Authority for the construction of the concrete floors and staircase. He produced the permit.

Mr. Lindsell:—Did the plans submitted show concrete floors?—Yes.

Mr. J. Dobson, of the P.W.D., said the plans were submitted on November 2, 1929 and approved on the 14th of the same month. The Building Authority allowed three months for the work to be carried out, and if not completed by that time, the original approval was rescinded. He went along on March 11 and the work was not completed. The original plans had therefore lapsed.

Mr. Lindsell:—Did you notify the architect to that effect?—No. It is not customary for us to do that.

A New Summons.

Mr. Lindsell said that it seemed to him that the actual offence was that the work had not been carried out within the specified three months.

Mr. Dobson agreed and pointed out that as a result the permit had lapsed.

Mr. Lindsell:—It does not say so in this section of the Ordinance, I cannot convict on the present charge.

Mr. Dobson said that the offence was that the work had not been done with the approval of the Building Authority, the work having lapsed.

Mr. Lindsell said that as the summons stood, he did not think it could go through.

Mr. Dobson said it was their intention to apply for a summons as detailed under section 223, that the work had not been carried through with the approval of the Building Authority, and if that failed, to make application for another summons that the work had not been done to the satisfaction of the B.A. He had seen the work which was very bad.

Mr. Lindsell said he could certainly apply for a new summons, but the existing one could not stand.

CINEMA NOTES.

HOW JOAN BENNETT WAS GROOMED FOR PART.

Because of United Artists' rule concerning accuracy of details, a prominent California woman artist was engaged to act as technical adviser to Joan Bennett, who has the role of a young artist in "Three Live Ghosts", a sensational all-talking comedy-drama, now the feature attraction at the Queen's Theatre.

Miss Bennett, who is the daughter of Richard Bennett, famous actor, was educated in Paris and in Rome, where she learned to paint in oils. Miss Bennett's training had not included the painting of chinaware, so when it came time for her to do a scene in which she is seen painting decorations on a vase, she admitted her lack of experience.

The situation was quickly remedied, however, when Thornton Freeland, the director, engaged Miss Bess Schubert, artist and instructor in painting chinaware. Within an hour, Miss Bennett had the "feel" of the work at hand and was prepared to do the scene.

Accuracy of detail is revealed throughout "Three Live Ghosts", the locale of which is laid in London.

Probably no all-dialogue and all-sound production has featured such a galaxy or stars as does, "Three Live Ghosts", which Max Marcin adapted from the famous New York and London stage success.

The all-star cast includes Beryl Mercer, Charles McNaughton, Joan Bennett, Robert Montgomery, Claud Allister, Hilda Vaughn, Shayle Gardner, Harry Stubbs, Jocelyn Lee, Jack Cooper, Nancy Price and Tenen Holtz.

"Beau Sabreur" at the Majestic.

The position of a man who, after taking a vow never to look at a woman and to devote his life to military missions for France, met and fell in love with a beautiful girl while performing one of these duties, forms the basis of the story of "Beau Sabreur", which will have its first local showing at the Majestic Theatre, Kowloon today, and which Paramount has adapted from Percival Christopher Wren's story of "Beau Geste".

Wren's story is laid in the quarters of the Foreign Legion at

KIDNAPPED BY A YOUNG BOY.

CHILDREN ENTICED AWAY FROM THIRD STREET.

EMPLOYED BY MAN.

The kidnapping of two children, aged five and seven years, by a fourteen year old Chinese schoolboy was related at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Detective Sergeant Clark said on Sunday afternoon a detective met the defendant at the Yaumati Ferry wharf, accompanied by two children. On being questioned the defendant said that he came over from Yaumati to Third Street with a man, who had given him some cigarette pictures, and pointed out the two children who were playing in Third Street. The man told the defendant to give the children the pictures and take them across to Yaumati to see the elephants. The young defendant agreed to this, and they all went to the Yaumati Ferry wharf, where the man gave the boy four cents and the two children two cents each. D. S. Clark added that the defendant had been sent to the S.C.A. who advised Court proceedings with the approval of the Public Prosecutor.

Mr. Lindsell (The Magistrate):—He was really employed by this man to do this?

D. S. Clark: Yes.—He was promised \$2 for it. It appears he has already enticed three other children away. It seems that they were seen in King's Park. They were kidnapped by the man who employs a woman to take them out of the Colony. The defendant attends school in Yaumati and his father is employed as a coolie at Kowloon City. The defendant's mother is in Court.

Thrashing Ordered.

On her being called forward, Mr. Lindsell said to the mother:—What sort of a son is this you have got? He spends his time in enticing away children.

The Mother:—I did not know what he was doing.

Mr. Lindsell:—Can't your husband keep a better eye on him than this?

The Mother:—He is employed at Kowloon City.

Mr. Lindsell:—Are you prepared to go security for his future behaviour? Yes. He goes to school.

Mr. Lindsell:—But he uses his spare time in worse ways.

D. S. Clark said that Mr. Somerset Fitzroy, the Public Prosecutor, had suggested that the defendant might be well thrashed with a "round dozen."

Mr. Lindsell:—But he uses the lad to receive 12 strokes and placed him under a personal bond of \$50 and his mother under a security of \$50 for his future behaviour. The Magistrate added:—You will not only be thrashed next time, but you will go to prison for a year.

DRAFTING NAVAL TREATY.

REFERENCE TO JAPAN MAY CAUSE DELAY.

SAFEGUARD CLAUSE.

London, April 15. It is understood that the two Committees dealing with the drafting of the Naval Treaty hope to complete their work to-morrow. The document will then be referred to the various Governments concerned, and, as it is uncertain how long this process will take, especially in the case of Japan, the final plenary session may have to be postponed until later than Tuesday of next week.

Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Mr. H. L. Stimson, head of the American delegation, this afternoon had a conversation at which it is understood they discussed the question of a safeguarding clause in the Three-Power Pact and reached an agreement in principle.—*British Wireless*.

Washington, April 15. President Hoover, addressing the Daughters of the American Revolution, hailed the London naval agreement as "great and far-reaching". He said the most important thing was that it had been able finally to turn the tide of the constantly increasing naval arms, and end the period of suspicion of bad faith generated by the constant rivalry in construction.

Mr. Hoover indicated that his devotion to the World Court remained undiminished. He did not doubt that the United States would become a member of the Court.—*Reuters American Service*.

ARMED ROBBERY SEQUEL.

THE POLICE MAKE ANOTHER ARREST.

The arrest of another man was effected by the police yesterday in connexion with the armed robbery which took place in a matched at Ngai Chin-wai village, Kowloon City district, on Friday night, accompanied by the stabbing and wounding of the victim, who is a vegetable gardener.

The arrested man is named Heung Tung, the charge against him being that he instigated the robbery and carried out an unprovoked assault with a knife on the victim while engaged on the enterprise with two other men.

With Heung Tung's arrest, the capture has been achieved by the police of all the persons alleged to have been implicated in the affair.

CANADIAN TAKEN BY BANDITS.

MR. BRIDGMAN LATEST VICTIM.

Peking, April 15. Bandits have captured a Canadian, Mr. C. A. Bridgman, of the United Church of Canada, and a Chinese pastor at Changchow, sixty miles below Chinkung, and have re-taken sixty miles inland with their captives. They are demanding \$200,000 as ransom for their release.

Passers-by who saw her on the point of throwing herself into the typhoon shelter basin at Causeway Bay, succeeded in restraining her and took her to the police.

The would-be suicide is described as being a widow in straitened circumstances. She lived in a hotel on the hillside above the village of Taihang, Causeway Bay.

Algiers, then switches to the vast Sahara desert, where treacherous tribal chieftains will do to death anyone who interferes with their plots. "Beau Sabreur" is described as a melodramatic romance, filled to the brim with heart interest as only Wren could write it.

Gary Cooper is in the title role, that of Major Henri de Beaujolais, the beautiful swordsman, a dashing, virile and handsome officer in the French army. The girl, Mary Vanbrugh, an American visiting her military uncle in Zaghouan, on the Saharan, is played by Evelyn Brent.

On three occasions, Cooper saves the life of the girl; then she is given the opportunity to reciprocate, saving him from a certain death. The girl and boy get through a series of spectacular adventures, including battles with fierce Touaregs and combats with desperate tribe leaders. Although he tries hard not to love her, the boy is finally conquered, and the devotion for France and his devotion for the girl go hand in hand, until the closing scene.

The cast of 1,600 includes Noah Beery, Joan Stirling, William Powell, Mitchell Lewis, Roscoe Karns, Arnold Kent, Frank Reicher, Reuel Raolf, and Oscar Smith.

SHARE PRICES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks. Hongkong Bank, \$1,400 s. Chartered Bank, £181 b. Mercantile & H. £30 n. East Asia £109 b.

INSURANCES.

Canton Ins., \$315 b.

Union Ins., \$44 n.

North China Ins., Tls. 160 b.

Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.

China Underwriters, \$1.50 b.

China Fires, \$355 b.

H. K. Fire Ins., \$900 b.

SHIPPING.

Douglas, \$221 n.

H. K. Steam oars, \$261 s.

Indo-Chinas, (Def.) \$60 s.

Union Waterboats \$261 b.

MINING.

Bengtela, \$670 b.

Kailans, 60 s.

Langkata, Tls. 13,600 n.

Shai Explorations, Tls. 1,300 n.

Rauha, \$23 b.

Tronohs, 211 n.

DOCKS, ETC.

Kowloon Wharves, \$151 b.

Whampoa Docks, \$38 b.

China Provident, \$525 s.

Chonkows, Tls. 245 n.

New Engineering, Tls. 84 b.

Shanghai Dock, Tls. 128 n.

COTTONS.

Two Cottons, Tls. 13. b.

Shanghai Cottons, Tls. 81 old.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$1250 s.

H. K. Lands, \$72 h.

Shanghai Lands, Tls. 245 b.

Humphreys, \$14. n.

Realities, \$875 b.

Chinese Estates, \$98 s.

Public Utilities.

Tramway, \$21. s.

Peak Trams (old) \$11,65 n.

Star Ferries, \$72 b.

China Lights, (old) \$23. b.

H. K. Electrics, \$72 b.

Telephones, \$131 b.

China Buses, Tls. 19. b.

Singapore Tractions, 10/-.

INDUSTRIALS.

China Sugars, 8 cts. b.

Malabons, \$27 n.

Cald: Mack. Ord: Tls. 10 n.

Canton Ices, \$250 n.

Cements (Comb.) \$15,80 s.

Ropes, \$7.35 b.

United Ashurst, \$5 b.

STORES, ETC.

Dairy Farms, \$23 s.

Watsons, \$10,80 n.

Der A. Wings, \$80 b.

Lane Crawford, \$3. ss.

Mackintosh, \$18 b.

Sinceres, \$12 n.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$30 b.

Constructions, \$120 ss.

B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 62% s.

H. K. G. Loan 7% Prem. n.

SOME RAIN.

The Royal Observatory reports that the Japanese depression has passed into the Pacific. The anti-cyclone remains central over the Lower Yangtze Valley. The local forecast is:—East winds generally overcast; some rain.

authorities to secure the speedy release of the captives.

Mr. Bridgman is married and came to China in 1912.—*Reuters*.

He was captured by bandits on April 12.

He was captured by bandits on April 12.

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RUMJAHNS AGAIN
CHAMPIONS.

WIN DOUBLES FOR SIXTH
YEAR.

Playing masterly tennis, the Rumjahn cousins added to their fine record of successes yesterday, by winning, for the sixth year in succession, the Colony's Open Doubles Championship.

Their victims on this occasion were Kong, Too-cheung and Ho Ka-lau, who, although fighting-plainly, could never rise to the same heights as their brilliant opponents, who, as a result, had the satisfaction of winning in "three straights" sets.

The tennis, for the major part of the match, was excellent, the winners in particular delighting with some very fine all-court work. Kong and Ho, although overshadowed, gave glimpses of their real form, and made bold efforts to retrieve a poor start. Their second-set fight was well worth seeing, when the exchanges were fast and exciting.

As was expected, the Rumjahns were vastly superior as a combination, and all their movements were carried out in perfect harmony.

Their definite line of attack carried them a long way towards their victory, and with both accomplishing some fine individual work whenever required, they were bound to remain in the ascendancy.

It was rather unfortunate that Kong was unable to effect his ground strokes with consistent accuracy, for when he did succeed in bringing them off, they generally caused the Rumjahns a little trouble. Ho was affected in a similar way, although it was his smashing and lobbing which suffered.

His overhead strokes were made too hurriedly and his lobbing, although flighted well, was much too short, and the Rumjahns consequently reaped the benefit of them.

From the outset, the cousins took the initiative, and, forcing matters with some attractive play, quickly ran away with the first set to love. Throughout these six games, the losers were all disjointed and trying hard to settle down to a normal game.

Their winning of the second game in the next set provided the necessary stimulant, and acquiring confidence and improving their tactics, they took a lead of 3-1. It was shortlived, but they persisted in their attempts, and were actually at set-point, but again the Rumjahns recovered, and gathering their forces, broke through to win the set at 7-5. It was exhilarating tennis.

There was no holding the champions after that. They lost the first game of the third set, but in a short time had commanded a lead of 4-1, and although Kong and Ho snatched a further two games, the issue was settled within a few minutes.

The full scores were:—S.A. and H.D. Rumjahn beat Kong Too-cheung and Ho Ka-lau, 6-0, 7-5, 6-3.

Trophies Presented.

Afterwards, the trophies were presented to the successful contestants, by Miss Hancock. Mr. H. R. B. Hancock introduced her, and at the same time mentioned that for the first time, the semi-final and final ties of the competitions had been played off on the scheduled dates, with the result that they had been able to bring the event to a close on the original date. He thought this was most gratifying. He extended congratulations to the winners of the various tournaments, and thanked all those who had assisted in any way in the arrangements and carrying through of the tournament. Mr. Hancock also announced that Mr. Ho Kom-tong, who had so generously provided the trophies for the open doubles competition, had again come forward on the occasion of their being won outright by the Rumjahn cousins, and offered to award cups for competition in the future.

Miss Hancock then presented the trophies, after which she received a bouquet of flowers, tied with colours of the Hongkong Cricket Club, under whose auspices the tennis tournament is organised.

Not all of the events have been concluded, but the winners and runners-up to date are:

Open Singles Championship.—T. Honda; runner up, E. C. Fincher.

Open Doubles Championship.—S. A. and H. D. Rumjahn; runners-up Kong Too-cheung and Ho Ka-lau.

Handicap Singles "A"—H. Owen Hughes; runner-up, P. W. J. Planner.

Handicap Singles "B"—G. E. R. Divett; runner-up, H. Graves.

Handicap Doubles.—J. D. Humphreys and R. H. Wild; runners-up, S. E. and D. S. Green.

LAWN TENNIS
MATTERS.

QUESTION OF FINANCES
DISCUSSED.

Financial matters and means of raising money came in for discussion at the annual general meeting of members of the Hongkong Lawn Tennis Association, which was held at the Hongkong Cricket Club pavilion yesterday evening, under the chairmanship of Mr. M. K. Lo.

The chairman put forward several suggestions to the meeting pointing out that the Association ought to be provided with money. At the moment, he said, they had nothing at all, the balance being only \$3.07. In the case of a good player passing through, they were always faced with the same old trouble—that of finding money for the expenses of exhibition games.

Affiliation fees and increased subscriptions for teams entered in the League were discussed and it was eventually decided that each club should be called upon to pay an affiliation fee of \$20 a year to the Association and, further, that \$10 for each team should be paid as league entrance money, as usual.

The meeting further decided that the method of scoring as used during the past year should be continued—one point for each match won. Saturday, May 3, was fixed as the date for the opening of league matches.

Another matter decided upon by the meeting was a new composition of the General Committee, this being that each club should have one representative on the committee, the representatives to be selected by the respective clubs, and in addition, non-representatives not exceeding five.

Forms were handed out for clubs to enter the names of their representatives, and the following were appointed as non-representatives.—Messrs. C. P. F. James, S. E. Green, C. F. Lee, A. M. Morse and D. S. Green.

The following officials were elected.—President, Mr. R. E. Lindsell; Vice-President, Mr. M. K. Lo; hon. secretary and hon. treasurer, Mr. D. S. Green.

The chairman said he had a note before him which stated that players who had represented the Colony in inter-club matches were requested to notify the hon. secretary in writing, and if the sanction of the general committee was given they would be granted permission to wear a pocket badge. Mr. Lo suggested that the matter be left to the incoming committee, and this was agreed to.

The meeting closed with expressions of thanks to Mr. H. R. B. Hancock and Mr. D. S. Green for the hard work they had put in during the past season.

The death has taken place at Wisborough Green, Sussex, of Beno Schonberger, who will be remembered by the older generation of concert-goers as a pianist of remarkable technique. Herr Schonberger was born in Vienna in 1863, and studied under Liszt. He travelled all over the world, settling in England in 1887, and becoming a favourite recitalist in London in the 'nineties.

The full scores were:—S.A. and H.D. Rumjahn beat Kong Too-cheung and Ho Ka-lau, 6-0, 7-5, 6-3.

Trophies Presented.

Afterwards, the trophies were presented to the successful contestants, by Miss Hancock. Mr. H. R. B. Hancock introduced her, and at the same time mentioned that for the first time, the semi-final and final ties of the competitions had been played off on the scheduled dates, with the result that they had been able to bring the event to a close on the original date. He thought this was most gratifying. He extended congratulations to the winners of the various tournaments, and thanked all those who had assisted in any way in the arrangements and carrying through of the tournament. Mr. Hancock also announced that Mr. Ho Kom-tong, who had so generously provided the trophies for the open doubles competition, had again come forward on the occasion of their being won outright by the Rumjahn cousins, and offered to award cups for competition in the future.

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Handicap Singles "B"—G. E. R. Divett; runner-up, H. Graves.

Handicap Doubles.—J. D. Humphreys and R. H. Wild; runners-up, S. E. and D. S. Green.

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GOOD FRIDAY GOLF.

HAPPY VALLEY PLAYERS TO
MET KOWLOON.

A golf match has been arranged between the Happy Valley Section (R.H.K.G.C.) and the Kowloon Golf Club to be played at the Valley on Good Friday, starting at 9 a.m. The teams are as follows:

Happy Valley.—A. O. Brown, F. E. Booker, R. A. Campbell, W. H. Edmonds, P. Morrison, A. E. Chapman, A. E. Clark, G. McLeod (Captain), E. Hanlon, A. Macfarlane, A. Brookbank, J. H. Gelling.

Kowloon.—Dr. Cogun, D. C. Wilson (Captain), J. D. Thompson, J. MacKnight, J. Mackintosh, G. H. Russell, T. Tait, W. S. Hillier, T. J. Price, A. Eastman, A. A. Dand, W. Mundy.

HAPPY VALLEY GOLF.

ADAMSON CUP QUALIFYING
COMPETITION.

In the Adamson Cup Qualifying Competition, played at Happy Valley from the 6th to the 15th instant, A. Brookbank qualified with a score of (88-18). Other scores were:

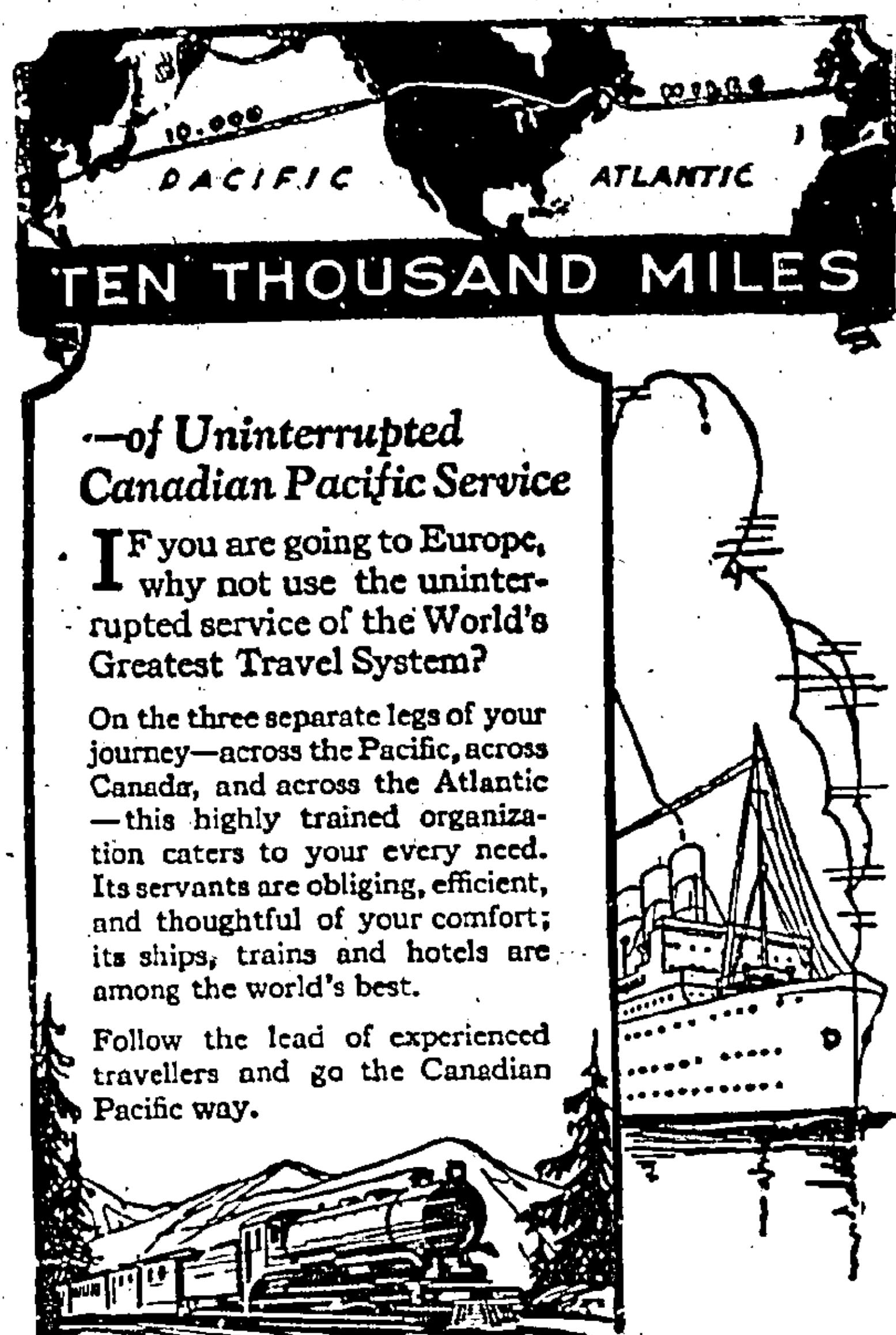
R. Wallace 85—10 = 75
G. McLeod 93—18 = 75
E. Moore 91—13 = 78
S. A. Gregory 96—18 = 78
A. J. W. Dorling 93—14 = 79
A. G. Ursell 97—18 = 79

To-day to Saturday.

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GARRISON NEWS.

THE R. A. SPORTS MEETING.

The annual sports meeting of the British Brigade Royal Artillery, was concluded at the military sports ground, Soekunpoa yesterday afternoon. A large number of spectators, including many ladies from all three batteries, from Stonewallers and Lyttonians, began to arrive, with the competitors, soon after two o'clock, although the first event was not scheduled to commence until half-past two. The ground was made gay with bunting and flags, and a feeling of keen expectancy was evident as the participants in the first race, the 100 yards, appeared.

That the sport provided was thoroughly enjoyed was reflected in the happy faces at the conclusion of the meeting, and by the resounding nature of the cheers given for Lt. Colonel Christian, who presented the prizes at the close. Some good times were put up in the shorter races, and Gunner Gill, known to many as a prolific scorer of goals, came in first in six events, with two seconds, also taking part in the Inter-Battery Officers and Other Ranks Race, in which his Battery were second. It is perhaps well, both for Gill as for his fellow-gunner, that he was able only to be given three prizes, or 31st Battery might have been complained against for taking more than their share, apart from the additional transport that would have been required.

The first race, the 100 yards, provided Gill with his first win, in the more than good time of 10 seconds dead. Gnr. Buery, 20 Battery, was second in 4/5 of a second longer, with Lt. Bdr. Whithall, 31 Battery, a good third. The time equalled the Army record of 50/70 seconds.

Gill also proved the winner of the putting the shot, with a put of 31 ft., Gnr. Forrester and Bdr. Scott, 20 Battery, being second and third, with 70 ft. 8 1/2 ins. and 69 ft. 10 ins. A very fortunate quarter-of-inch for 31 Battery.

Gunner Gough ran well to win the one mile in 5 mins., 12 3/5 secs., and 12 Battery provided the runner-up in Gnr. Stanton, with Gnr. Humber, 31 Battery, third.

In the high jump, thanks to the coaching of Lt. Christian, L/Sgt. Lawrence, reached 5 ft. 3 ins., with Gnr. Leadbetter, also of 12 Battery, second, an inch lower. Lt. Christian managed 6 ft. himself, but his example was encouraging to the winner and runner-up.

Gill came to the fore again in the discus-throwing, with 81 ft. 8 ins. for first place. Gnr. Hayward, 12 Battery, was second with 76 ft. 4 ins., and L/Sgt. Whithall third with 74 ft. 8 1/2 ins.

The ubiquitous Gill then proceeded to win the 220 yards race, in the excellent time of 23 2/5 secs., 1 1/5 secs. outside the Army Record. Gnr. Greenwood, and Gnr. Lewis, both of 12 Battery, were second and third respectively.

By this time, 31 Battery, thanks chiefly to the efforts of Gill, were 12 points ahead of the nearest Battery, No. 12, and a street in front of 20 Battery. Points had been reckoned at the rate of 8 for a win, 4 and 2 for second and third places, but, for the tug-of-war, and the 1 1/2 mile relay, both yet to come, points were awarded 12-6-0, and there was a danger that 12 Battery might score well in both events.

Children's Events.

Children's races were the next item, and proved very popular with the kiddies, though somewhat harassing to the organisers. Charles Lott, Charles Haslam and William Webb, were the fortunate recipients of prizes in the boys' race, and Georgina Lott, Evelyn Haslam and Iris Perkins in the girls' race. (There seemed to be a Lott of Haslam about both races!).

Gunner Gill kept up his record in the three-legged race, winning with Lt. Bdr. McWilliam, though the event did not count towards Battery points. Bdr. Lewis and Gnr. Hayward, 12 Battery, were second.

A boat-race caused great amusement; and the long jump was next staged. Lt. Christian won by three inches from Gnr. Frearson, doing an excellent jump of 19 ft. 1 1/2 ins.

N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

MR. RICHARD WHITNEY TO BE NEW PRESIDENT.

New York, Apr. 15.

Mr. Richard Whitney has been nominated as next president of the New York Stock Exchange, in succession to Mr. E. H. Simmons.

Mr. Whitney, who is forty-one, will be the youngest president the Exchange has ever had.—Reuters' American Service.

HOUSES THAT ARE TOO DARK.

SANITARY BOARD SEEK TO BAN PREMISES.

A decision made by a sub-committee appointed by the Sanitary Board relative to the use of the ground and first floors of 1 and 2, Pak Tsing Lane, for human habitation, came up for discussion yesterday, when Mr. G. R. Sayer, Chairman of the Board, asked the members at the fortnightly meeting to support the findings of the sub-committee.

The Chairman pointed out that the sub-committee decided that the ground and first floors of 1 and 2, Pak Tsing Lane, were too dark and not fit for human habitation. An appeal had been made by the owner against this decision. The Chairman asked the members of the Board to support the sub-committee.

Mr. M. K. Lo said that he understood the position to be that the property had been bought years ago for the purposes of a domestic tenement from the Official Receiver in Bankruptcy. All the other houses in the lane had since been set back three feet to provide the regular width of 15 feet for the lane, whereas these two places were not. He thought that the owner intimated that if he were required to set back his premises he would be willing to do so. He had seen the houses, and although he agreed they were rather dark he had seen darker houses. Perhaps the day when he visited them he was sunny and he was rather cheerful.

After referring to the Ordinance he said that he did not think that it applied to the present case, where the premises had been originally bought as domestic houses. He suggested that the Government should resume the premises as he did not think the Board was justified prohibiting the use of the premises without compensation to the owner. If the owner were willing to set them back three feet the Board should be satisfied.

After much informal discussion between individual members of the Board, the Chairman put to the meeting his proposal that the Board support the finding of the sub-committee who decided that the ground and first floors of 1 and 2, Pak Tsing Lane should cease to be used for human habitation.

The Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga put forward an amendment that the owner be called upon to execute such work to abate the nuisance in order to conform with the requirements of the Board.

Mr. T. N. Chau seconded the amendment which was unanimously carried.

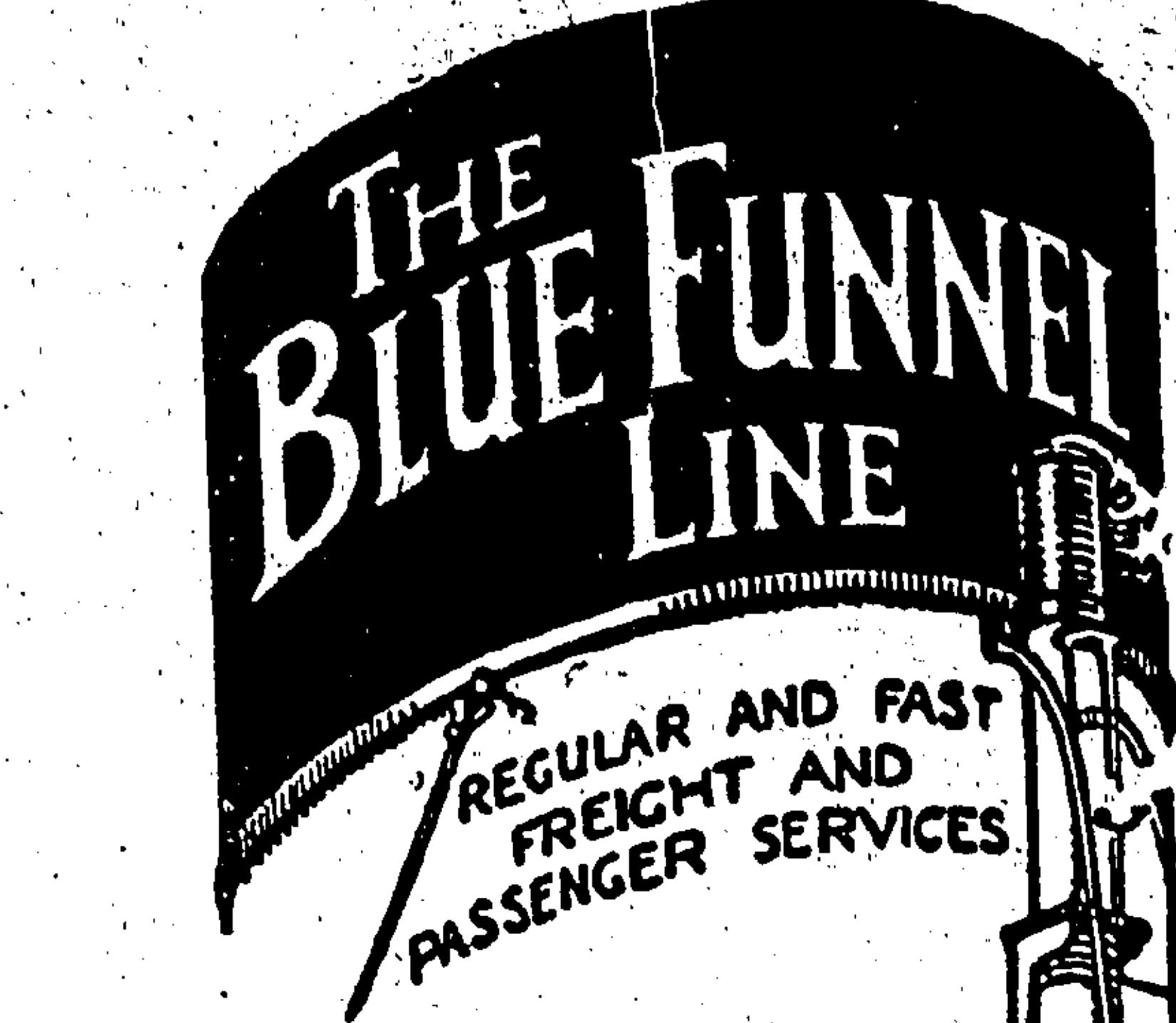
On the proposal of the Chairman the Board agreed to invite the Medical Officer of Health to investigate the possibility of creating a factory reserve for foundries, smithies and such like objectionable trades.

Those present, besides the Chairman, were the Hon. Mr. H. T. Creasy (Director of Public Works); Hon. Dr. A. R. Wellington (Director of Medical and Sanitary Services); Dr. W. V. M. Koch, Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, Lieut. Col. W. Miles, Messrs. M. K. Lo, T. N. Chau and Wong Kwong-tin and J. Watson (Secretary).

Cricket Match.

A cricket match at Happy Valley resulted in a very easy win for the Bridgewater over the Somme. Somme went in to bat first, but could only make 39 runs, Wilmshurst, with 11, and Lt. Jacobs, with 14, being the only ones to reach double figures. Soboleff had the good average of six wickets for 22 runs, and Bennett took the remaining for 13, there being no extras.

Wilmshurst bowled well for Somme, getting five wickets for only 30 runs, but the rest of the attack could not obtain wickets, though seven other bowlers were tried. Horsman, Dunnigan and Bennett all topped twenty runs, and the final score read 127 runs for eight wickets for Bridgewater.



LONDON SERVICE

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LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via

Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez

Atsuta Maru Saturday, 19th Apr.

Kashima Maru Saturday, 3rd May

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports

Aki Maru Wednesday, 23rd Apr.

Kaga Maru Wednesday, 21st May

BOMBO via Singapore, Panang & Colombo

Rangoon Maru Monday, 28th Apr.

SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama

Hojo Maru Friday, 2nd May

SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore, Capetown & Ports

Hakata Maru Monday, 5th May

NEW YORK, BOSTON via Panama